

# Telling a Story With Your Data

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Response, Resilience & Recovery During COVID-19

# Disclosures

Employment: Infection Prevention & Management Associates, Inc

Speaker: Metrex

Advisory: SaniNudge

# Session Description

In this presentation, we will look at the different types of data that are collected in healthcare safety and infection prevention programs and discuss how we use that data to make decisions about how we provide care. This session will cover data collection, the basics of data analysis, and strategies for sharing data in ways that make sense.

## **Learning Objectives:**

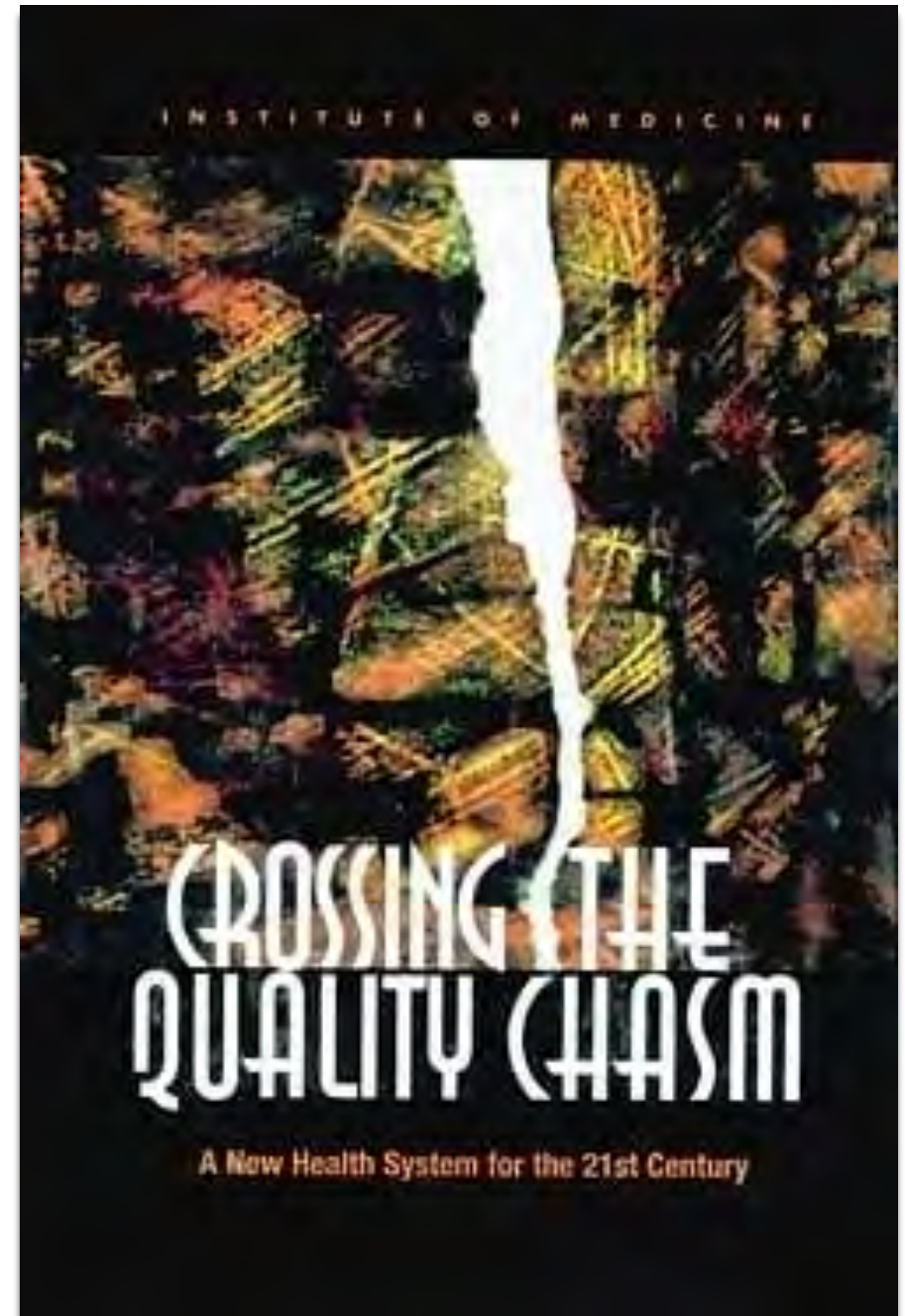
1. Understand different types of data used in healthcare an infection prevention practice
2. Select appropriate graphical displays for different types of data

# What is “Quality”

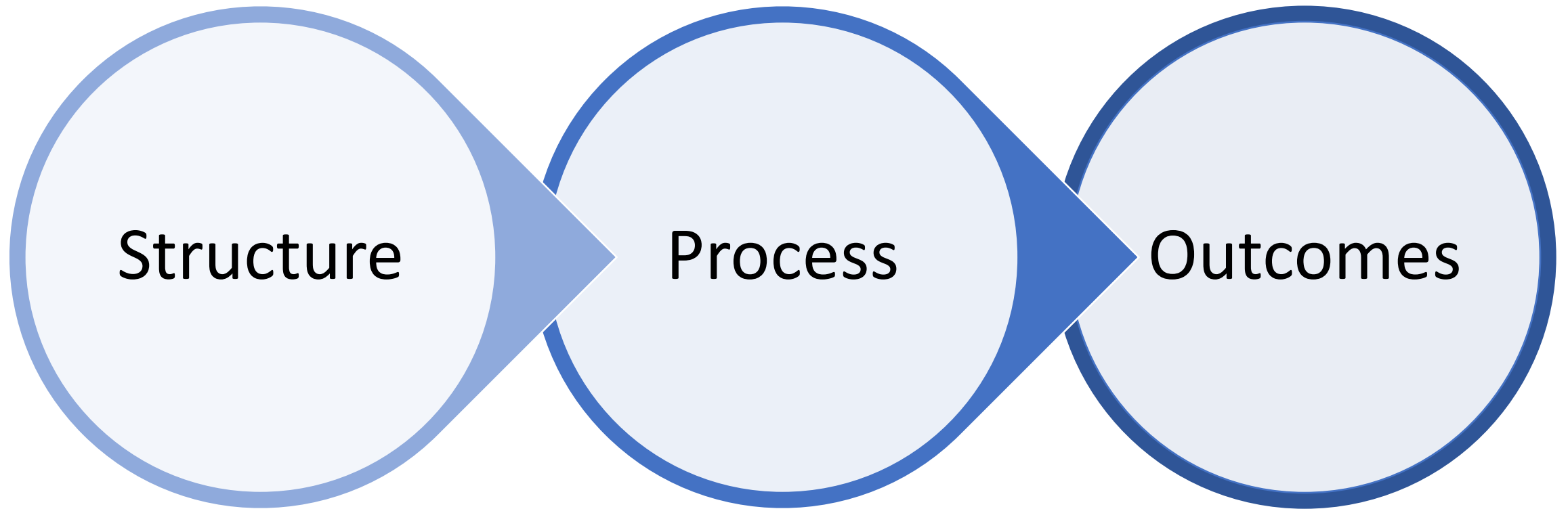


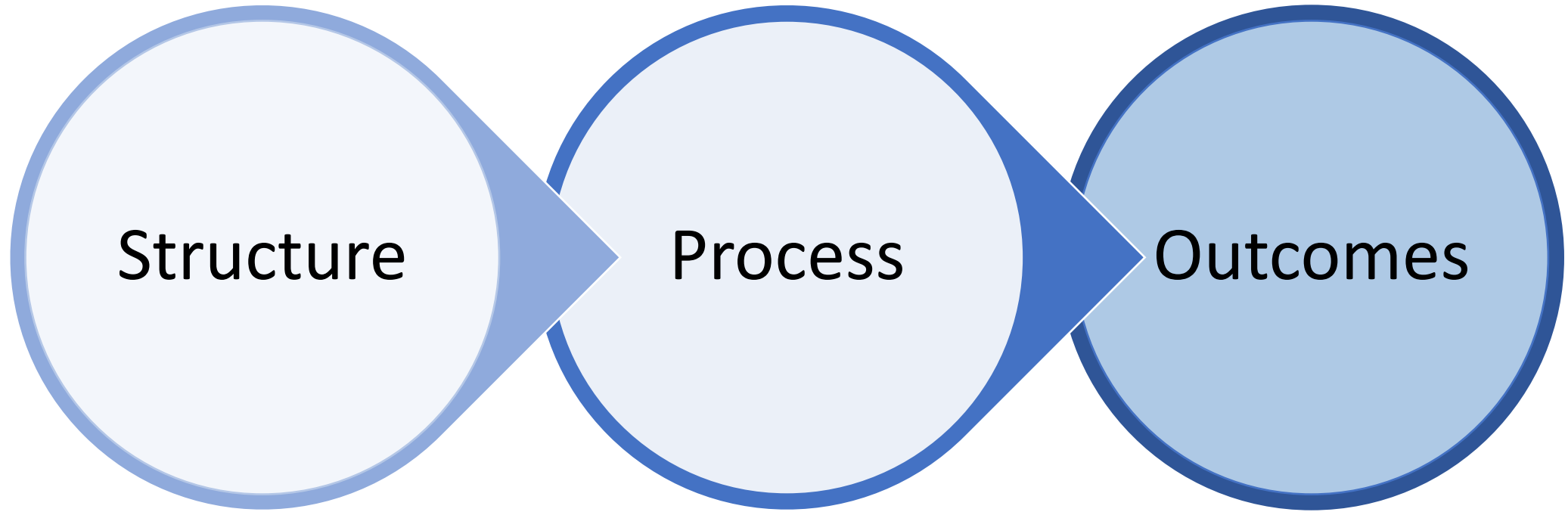
# Defining Quality

- Safe
- Effective
- Patient Centered
- Timely
- Efficient
- Equitable



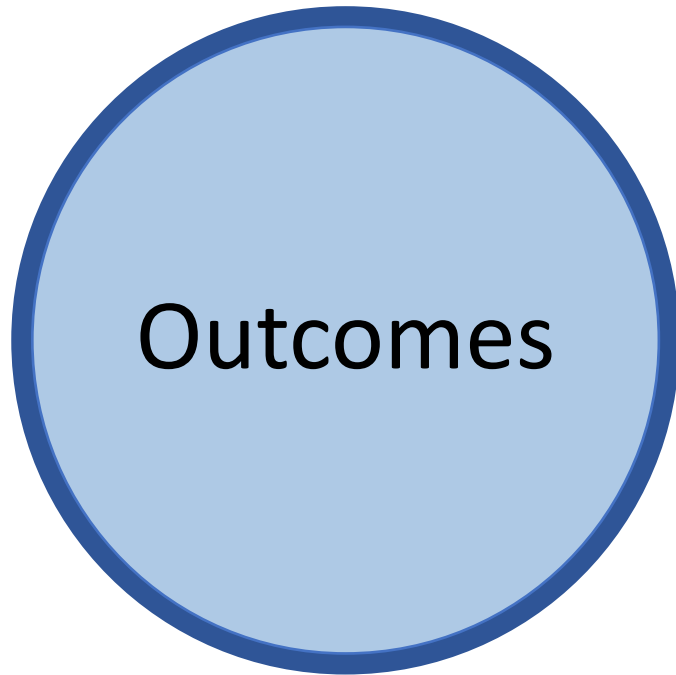
# How Do You Measure Quality?





**How often do  
we cause harm?**

# Outcomes Data: What Already Happened



- **Common Examples**

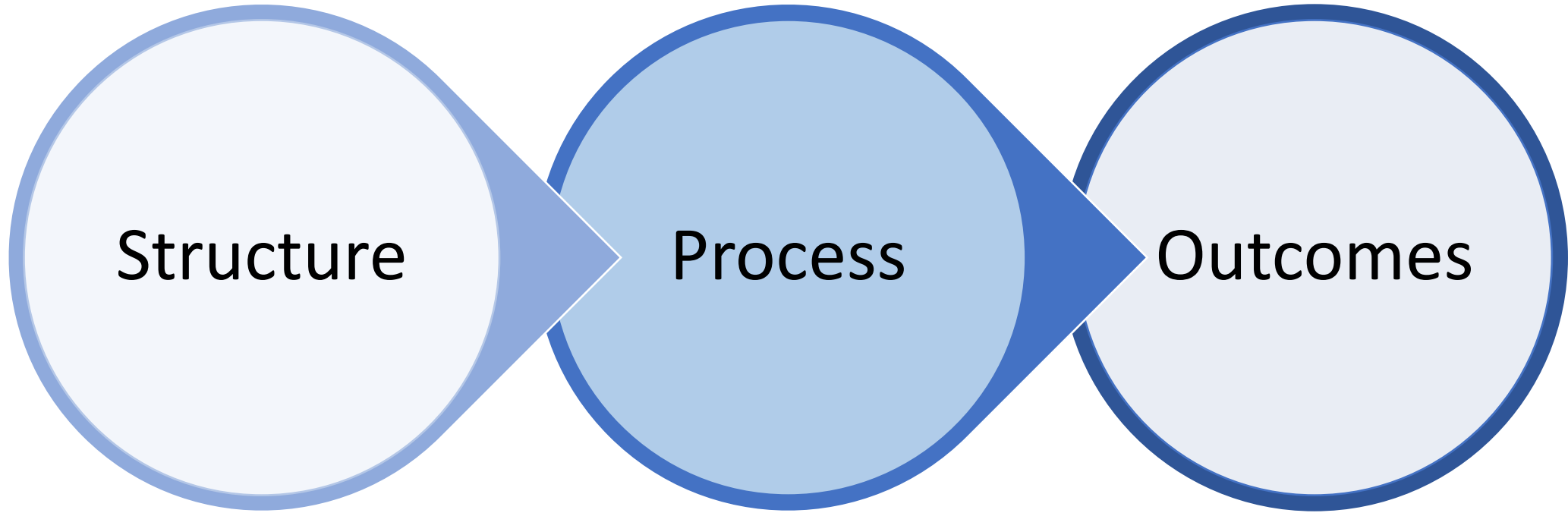
- Device associated infection rates – CLABSI, CAUTI, VAE
- SSI
- Injuries
- Patient Safety Events
- Needlesticks
- Deaths / Mortality

- **Data Collection**

- Surveillance
- Definitions

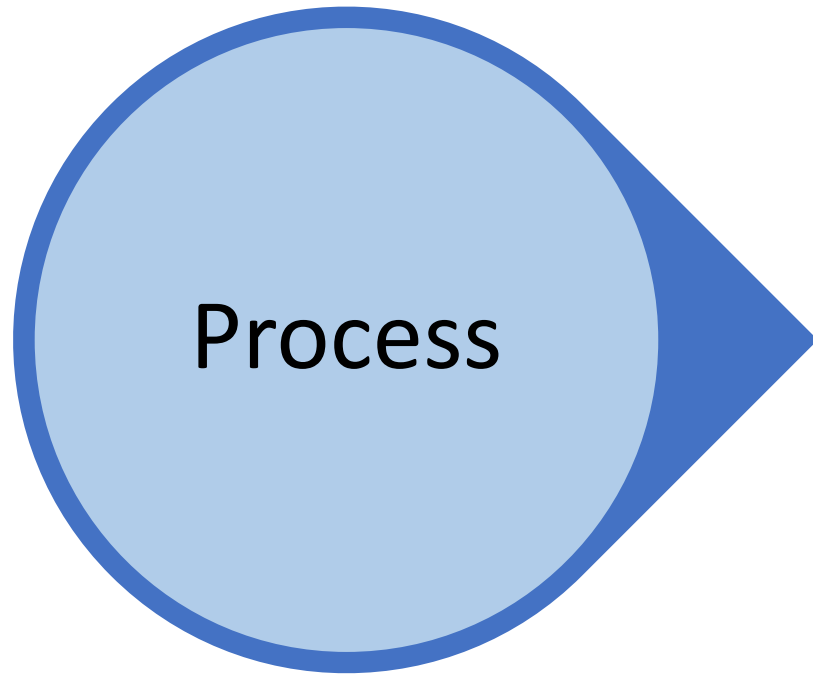
- **How We Use It**



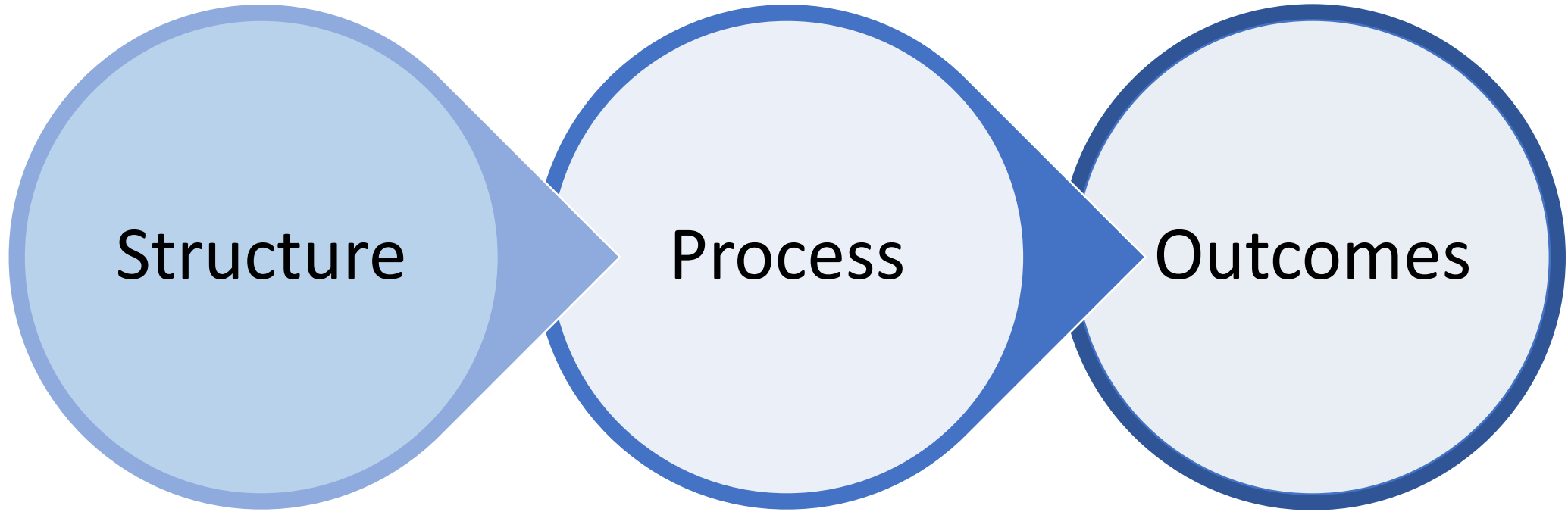


**How often do we  
do what we are  
supposed to do?**

# Process Data: What is Happening

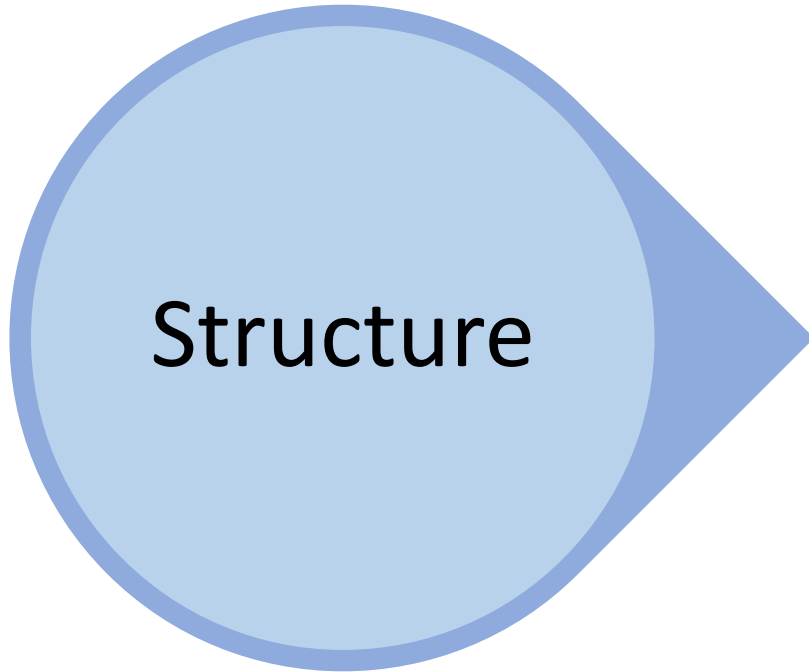


- **Common Examples**
  - HAI Prevention Bundle Audits
  - Care Pathways
  - Focus Groups
- **Data Collection**
  - Audits
  - Observations
  - Chart Abstraction
- **How We Use It**



**Have we reduced  
the likelihood of  
harm?**

# Structure Data: What Are The systems?



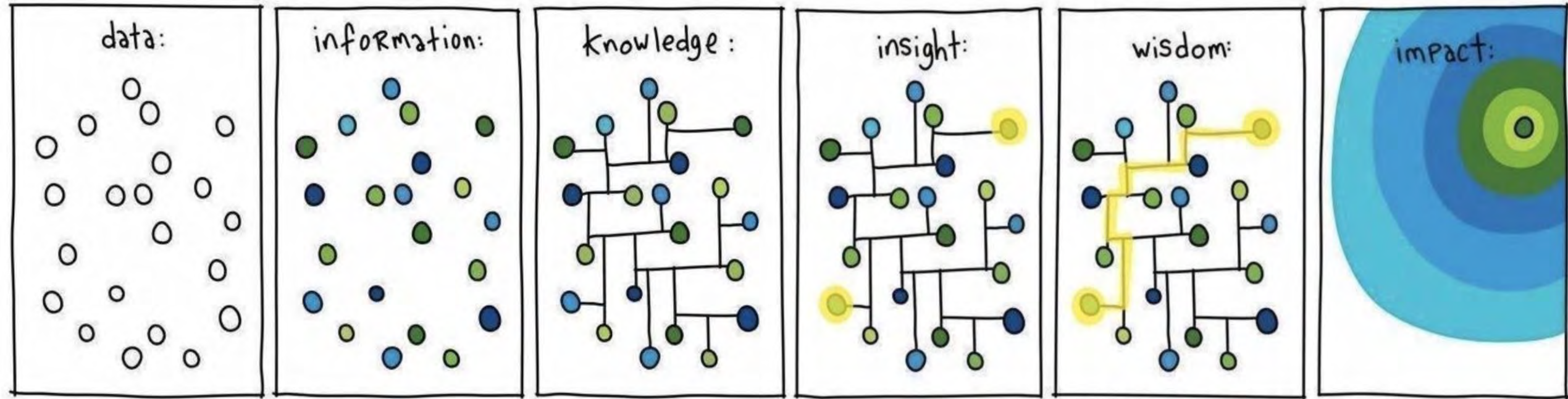
- **Common Examples**
  - Environment of Care Audits
  - Equipment availability and usage
  - Staffing
- **Collection**
  - Audits
  - Facility Documents
  - Survey Results
- **How We Use It**

# Data Collection

- What questions do you have?
- What data do you need to gather?
- What could be available somewhere else?



# Do Something

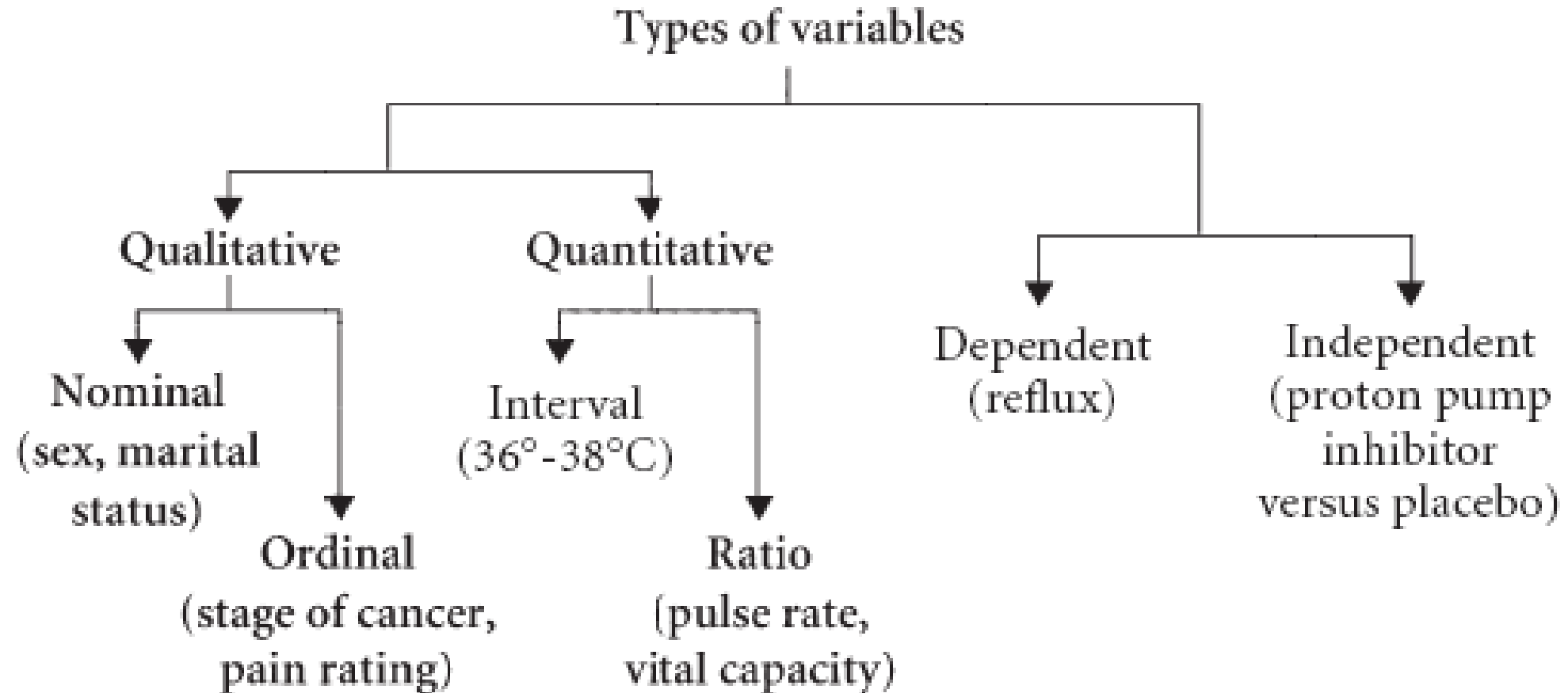


# Organizing and Summarizing



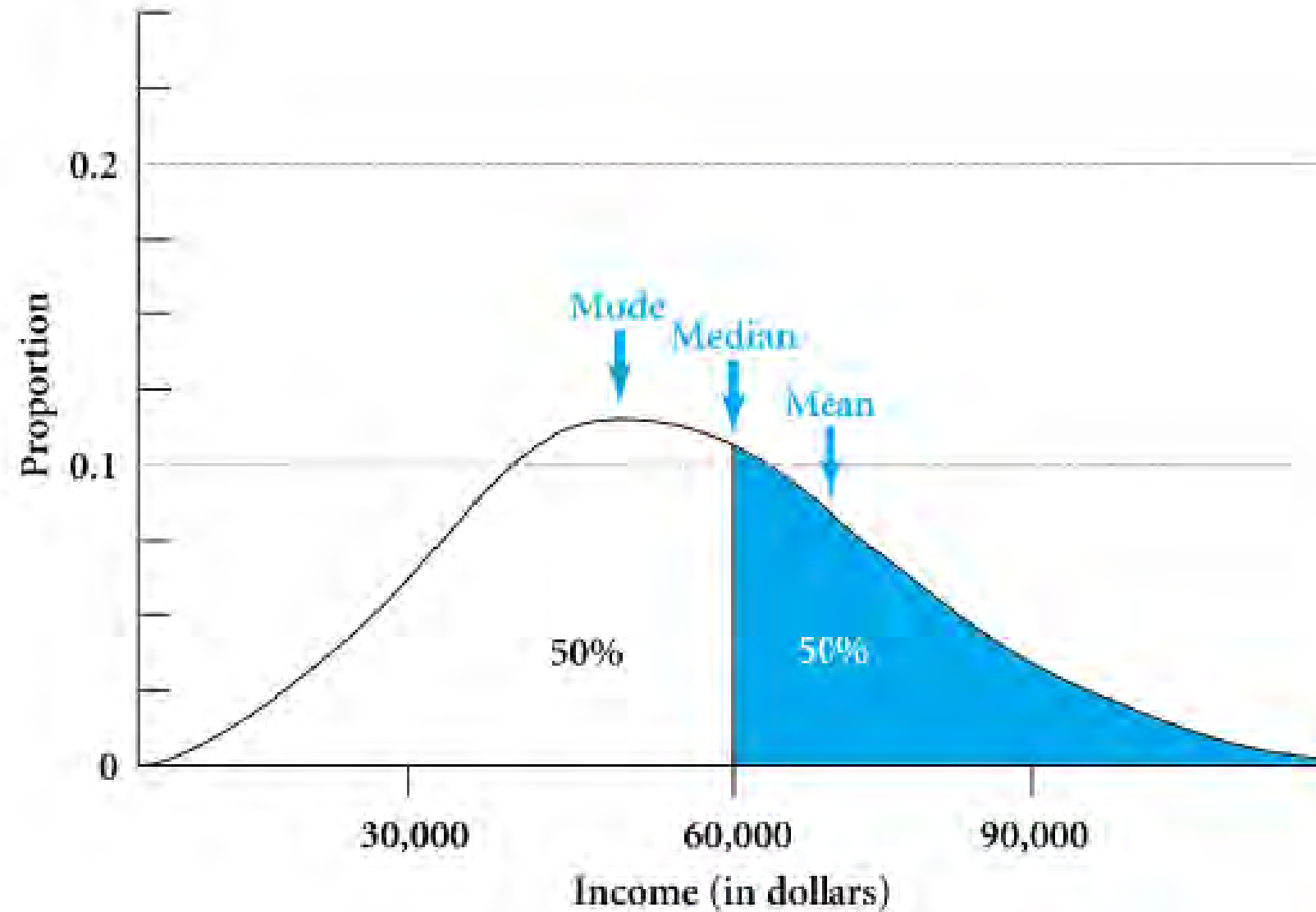
- Have to have a way to simplify and communicate the data elements so can learn from it
- Find the middle
- Find the shape
- Find patterns
- How we analyze the data depends on what type of data we have

# Understanding Your Data: Types of Variables



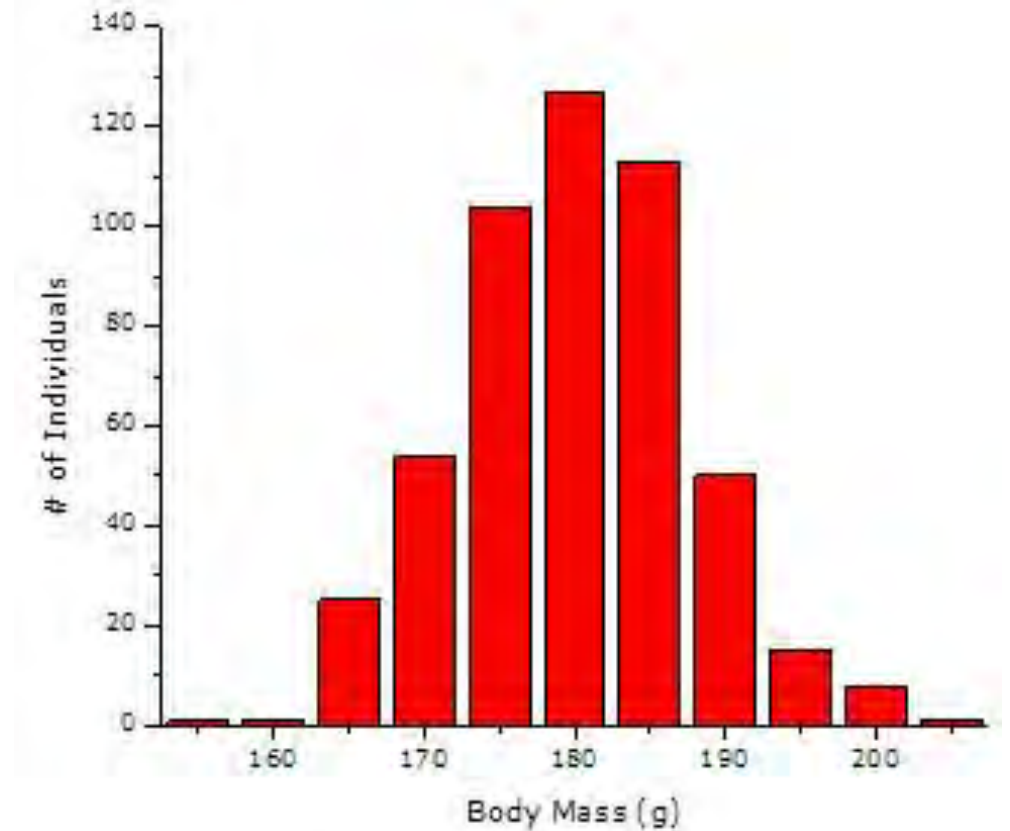


# Find the Middle

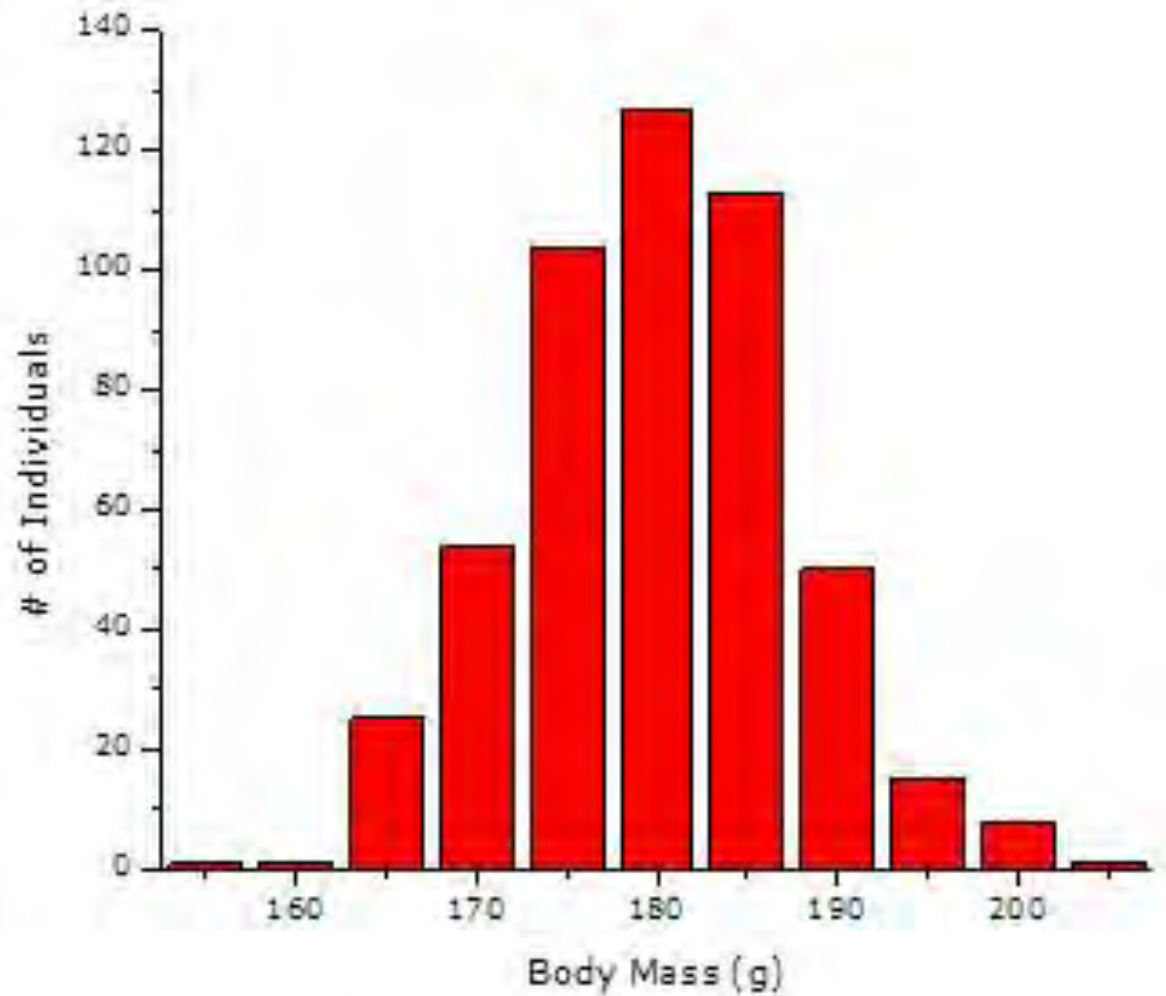


# Measures of Central Tendency

- **Mean:** mathematical *average* of the values in a data set.
  - Used for describing numeric data
  - “Numeric Data” = Actual measurements of individuals (temperature, height, pulse)
    - Interval Variables
    - Ratio Variables
    - Continuous Variables
    - Discrete Variables



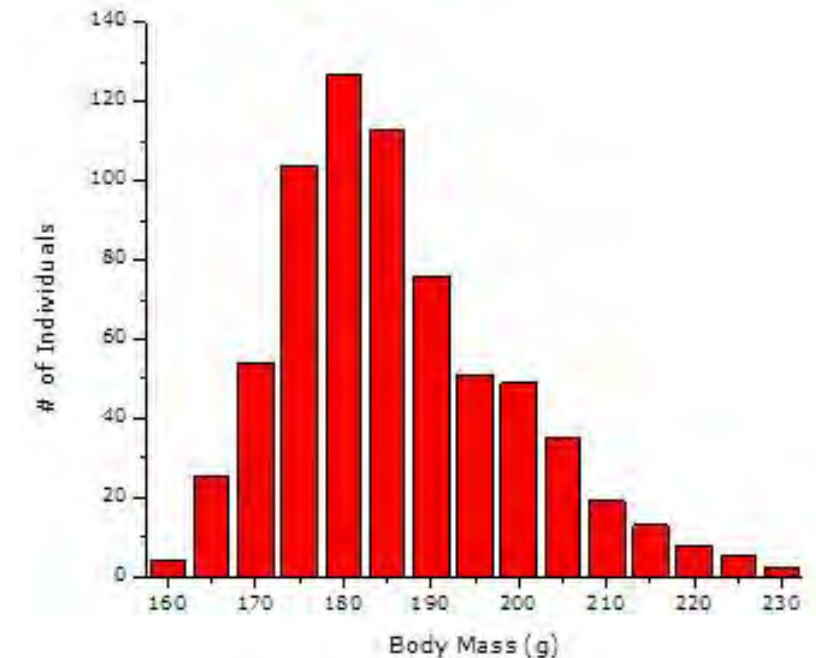
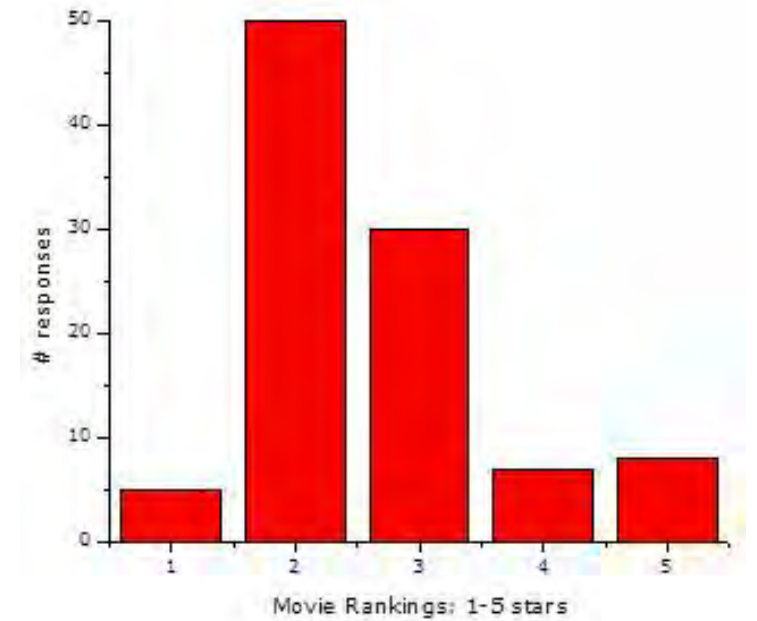
# Measures of Central Tendency



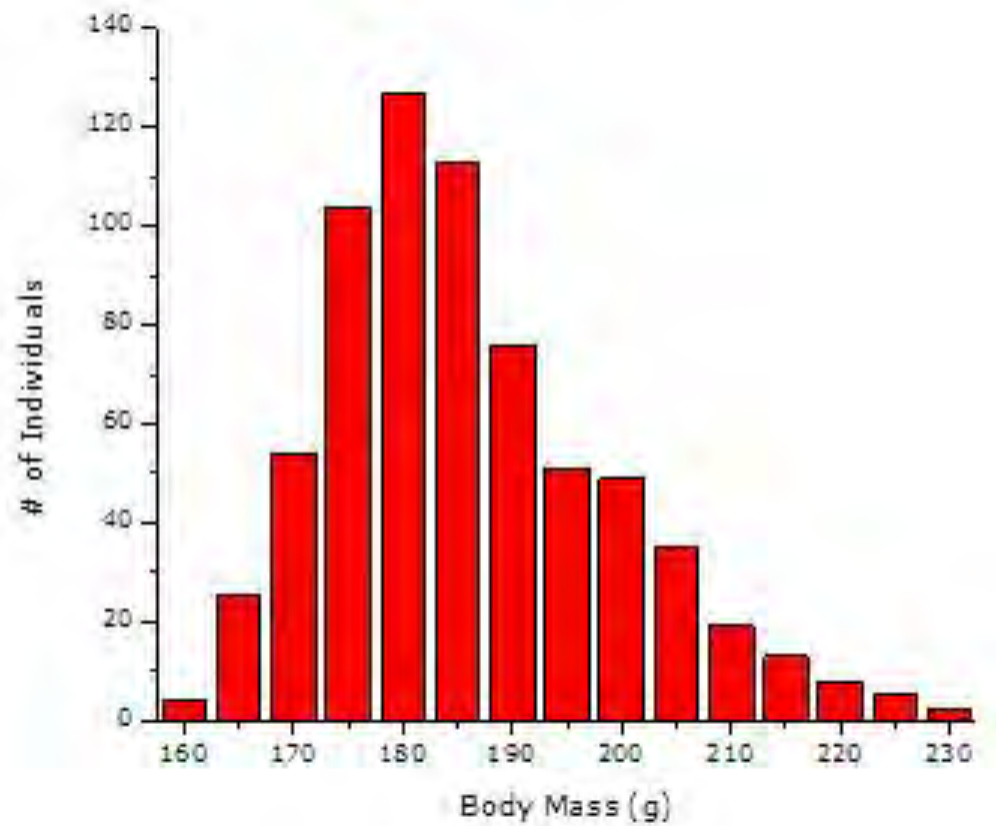
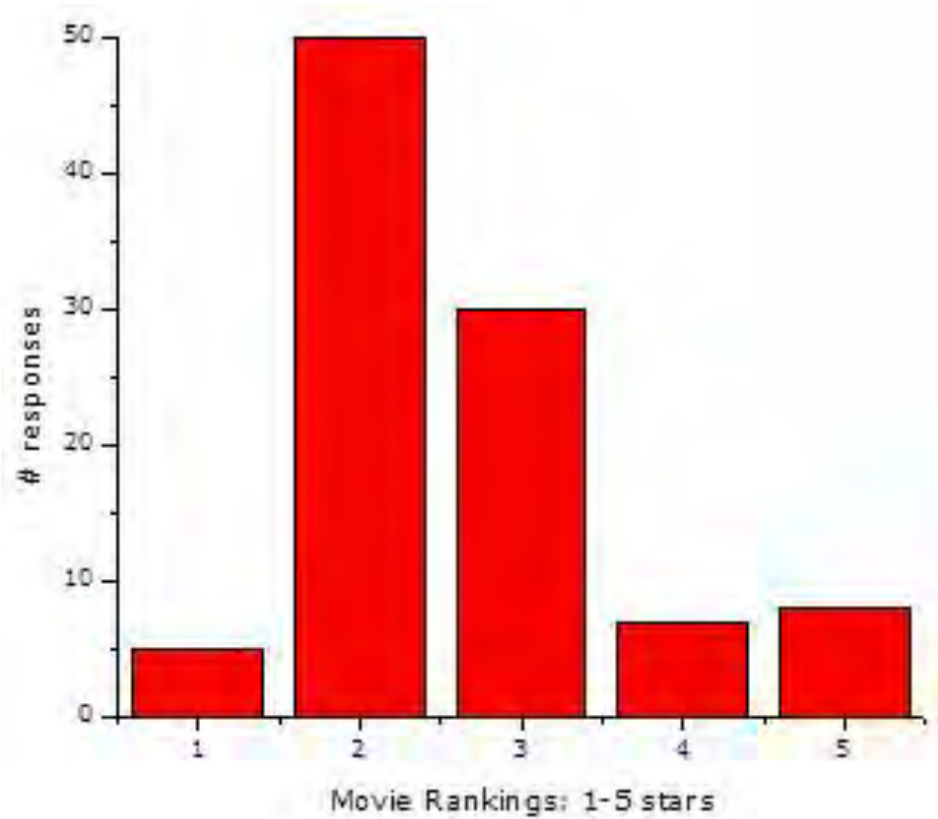
# Measures of Central Tendency

**Median:** the value falling in the *middle* of the data set.

- Used for ordinal data
  - “Ordinal Data” = ordered categories
    - ASA Scores, Wound Class
- Median also good for numeric data when the distribution is skewed

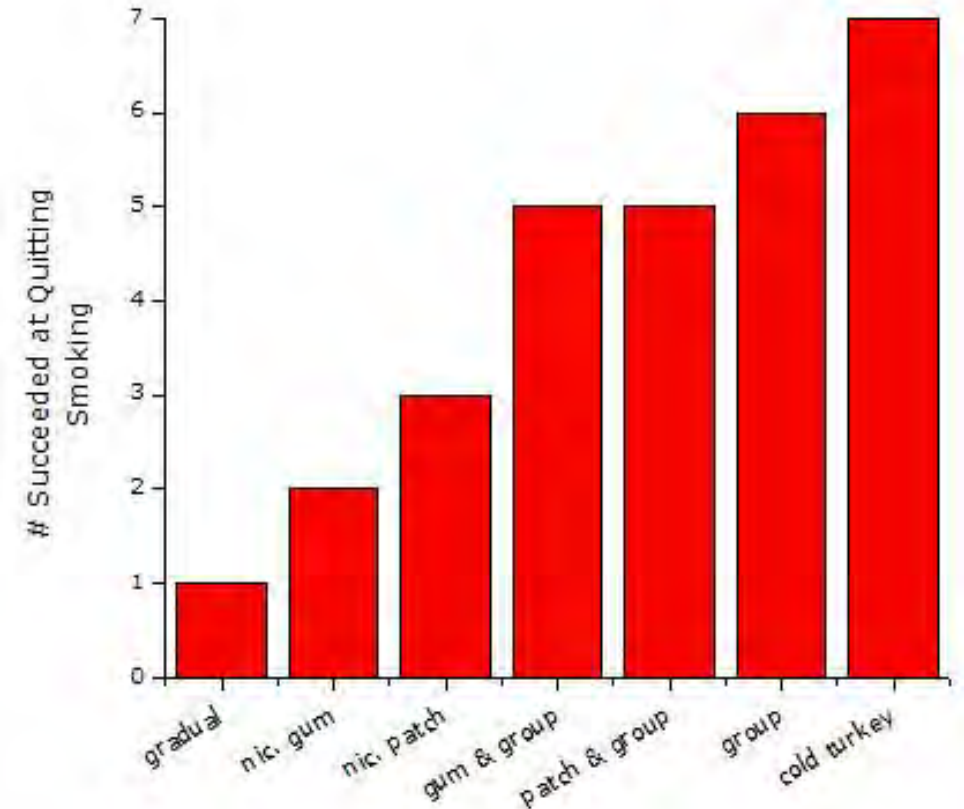


# Measures of Central Tendency

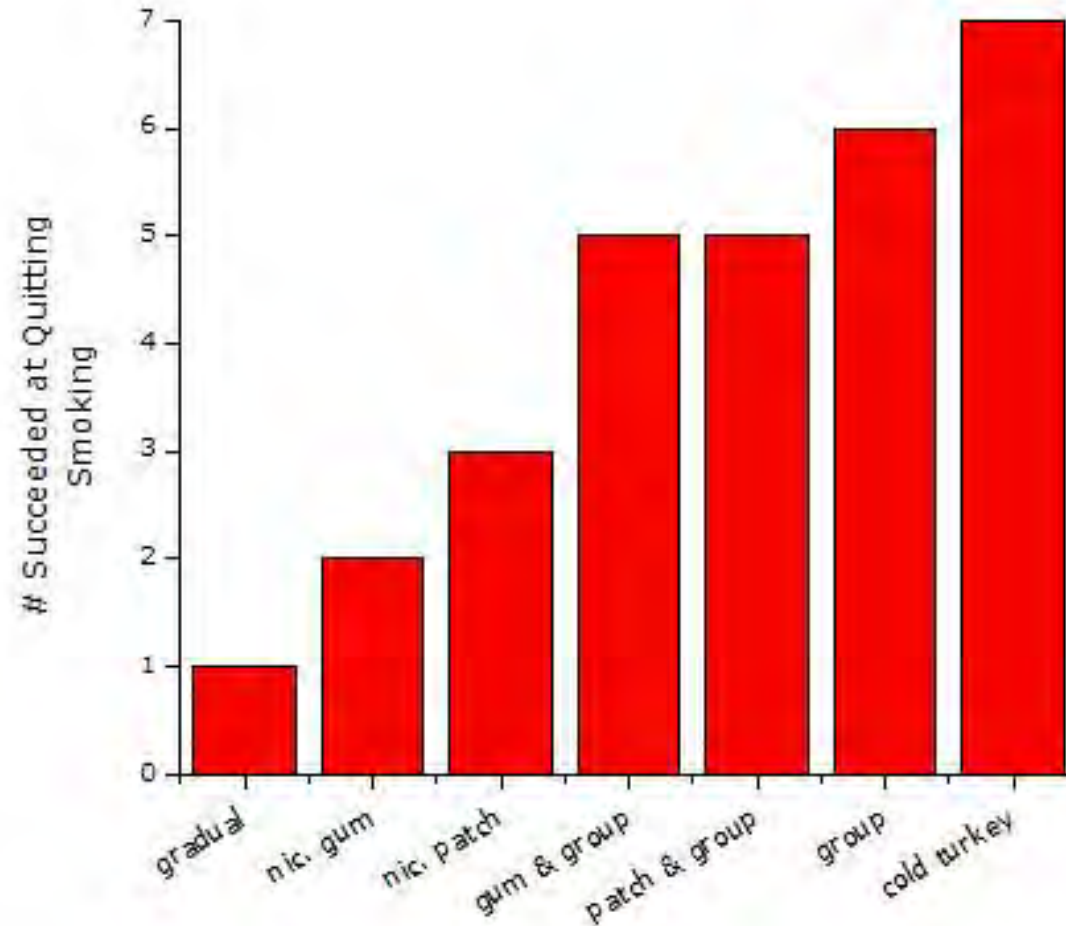


# Measures of Central Tendency

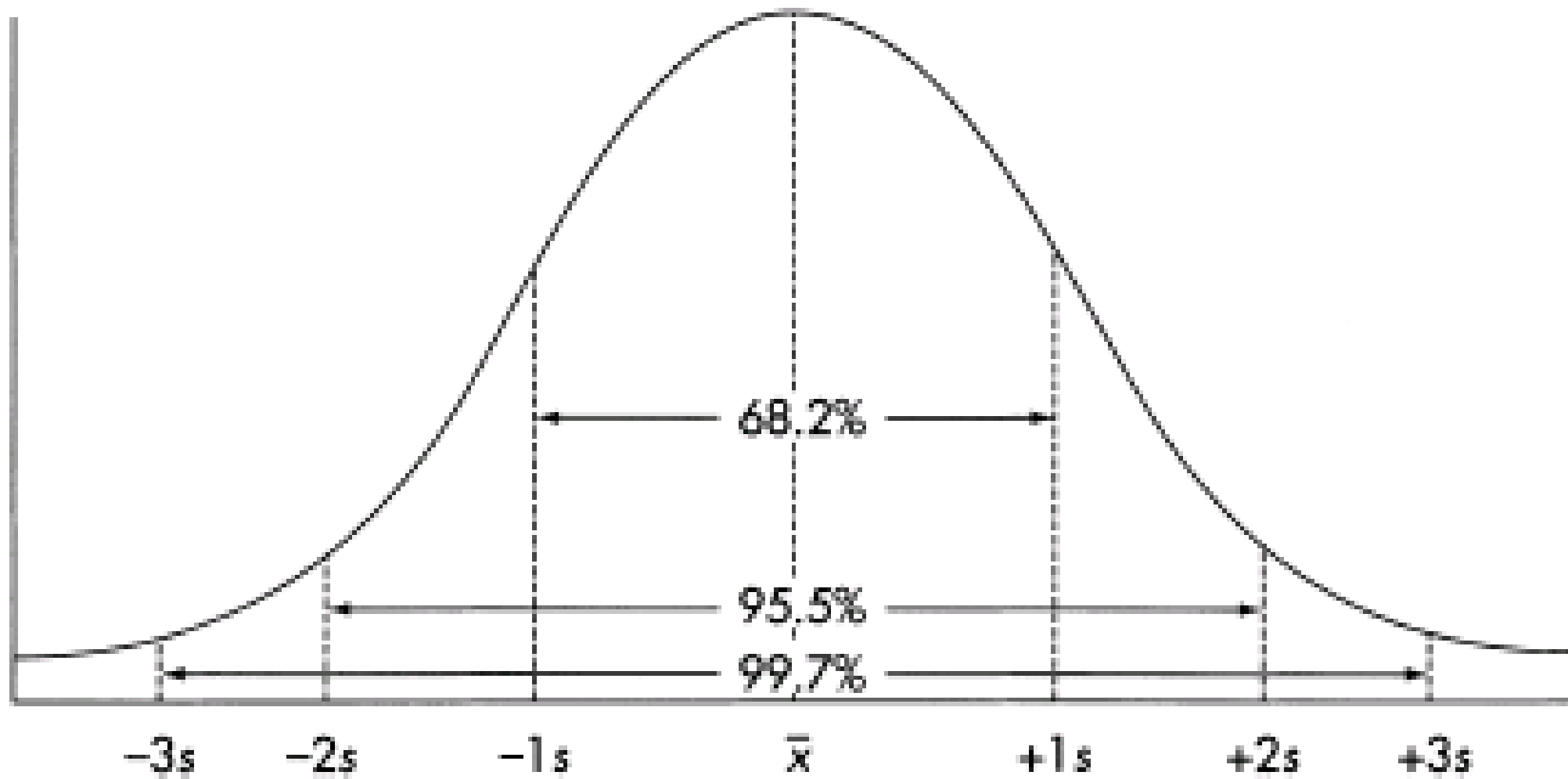
- **Mode:** the most frequently occurring value in a data set.
  - Used for nominal data
  - “Nominal Data” = named category
    - Gender, Smoking Status



# Measures of Central Tendency

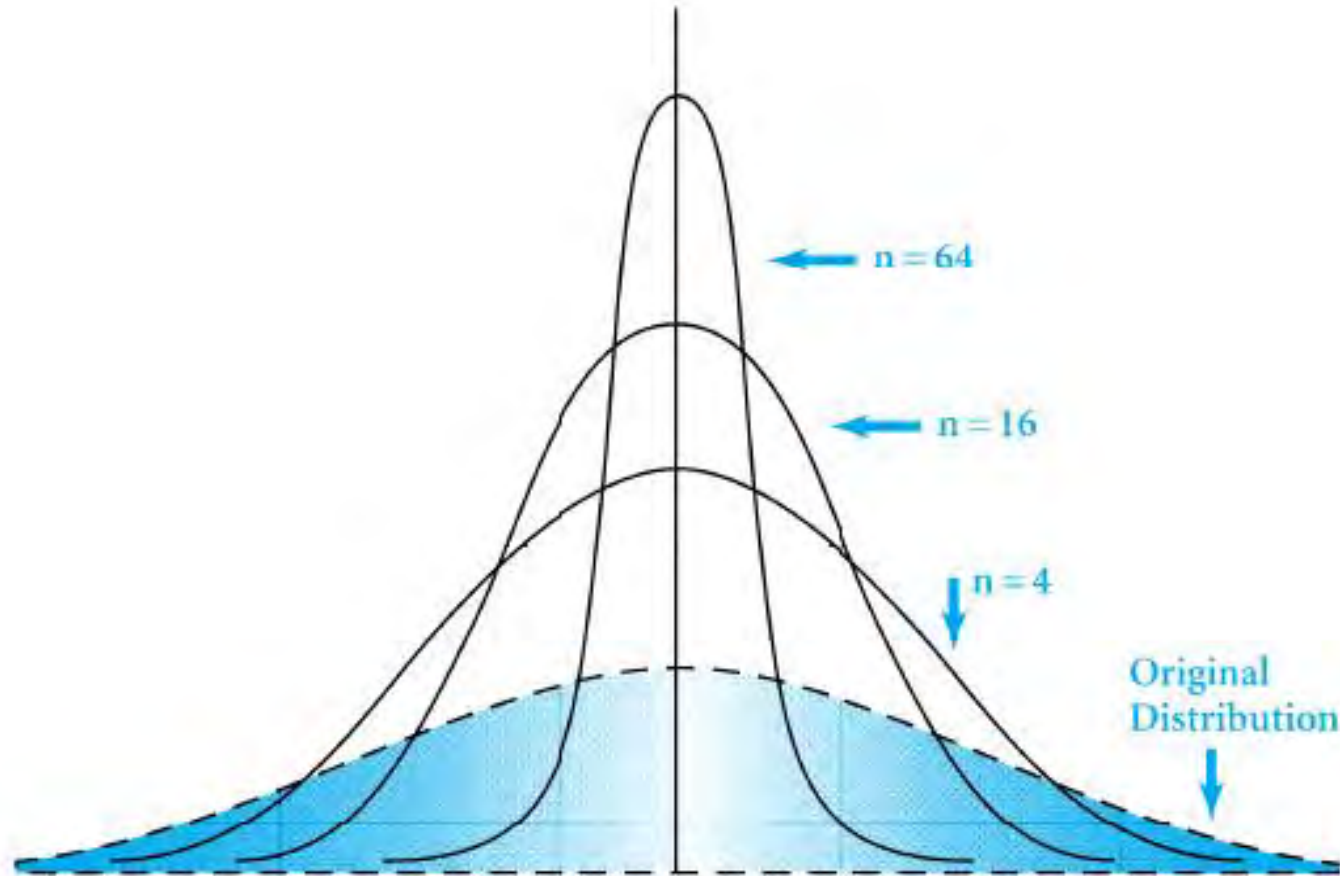


# Normal Distribution

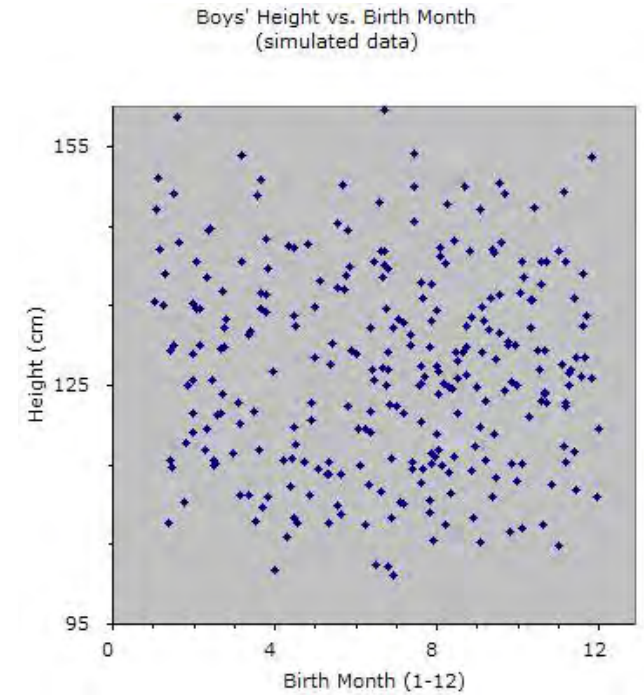
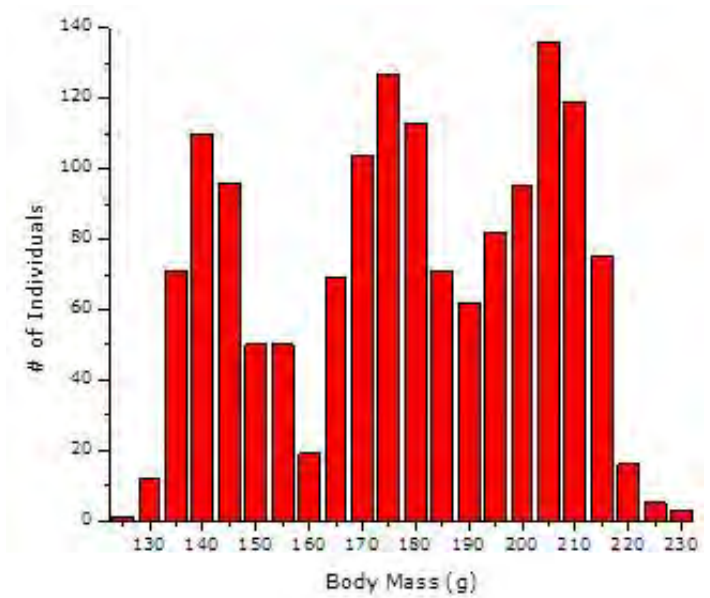
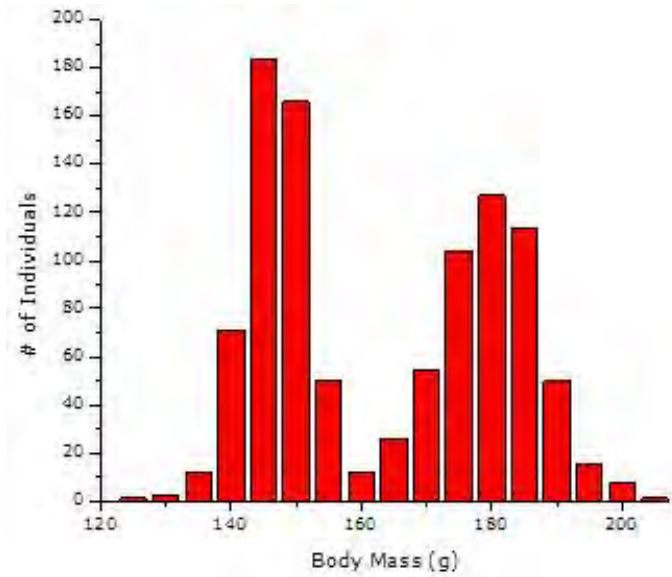




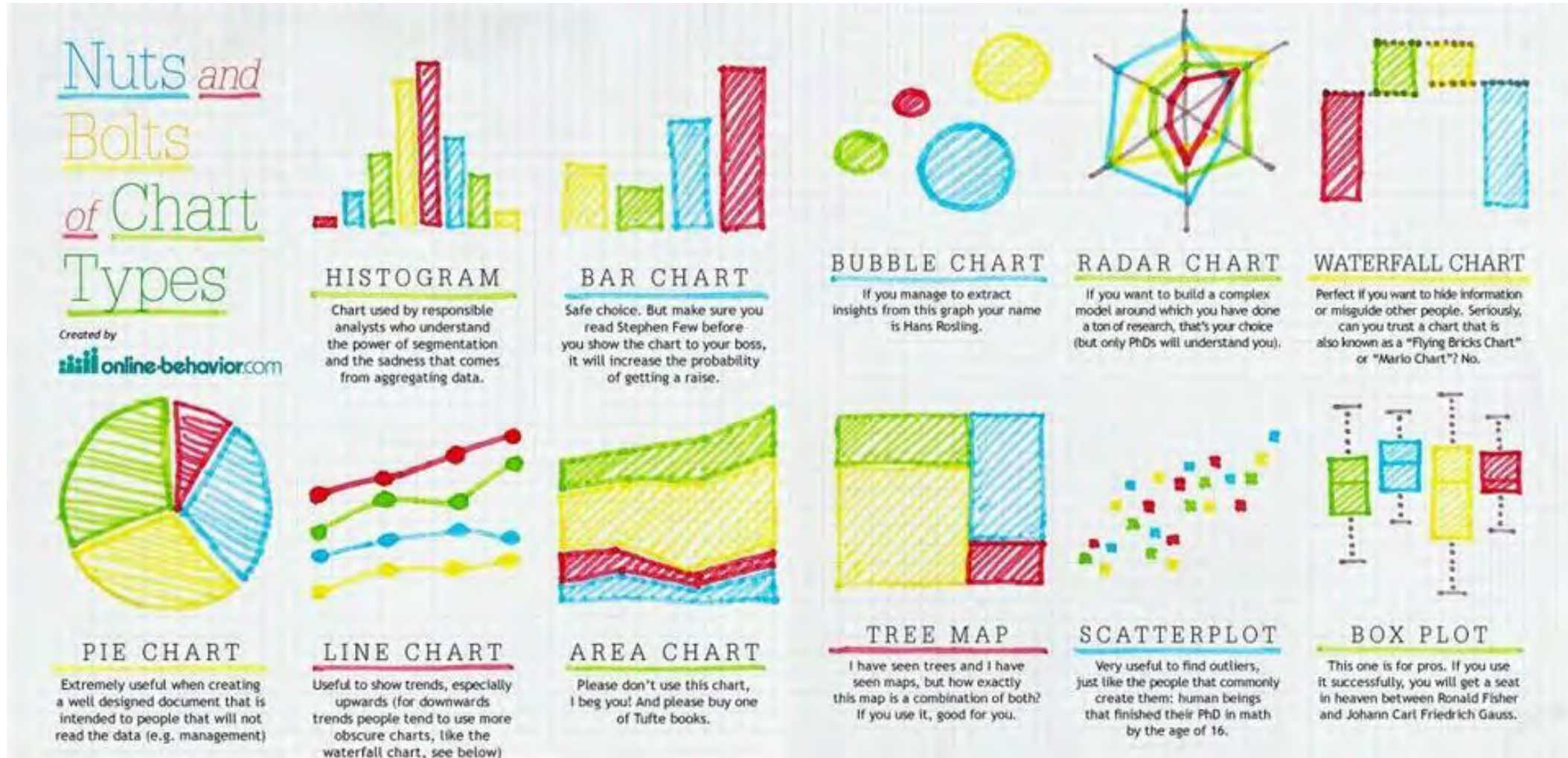
# Find the Shape



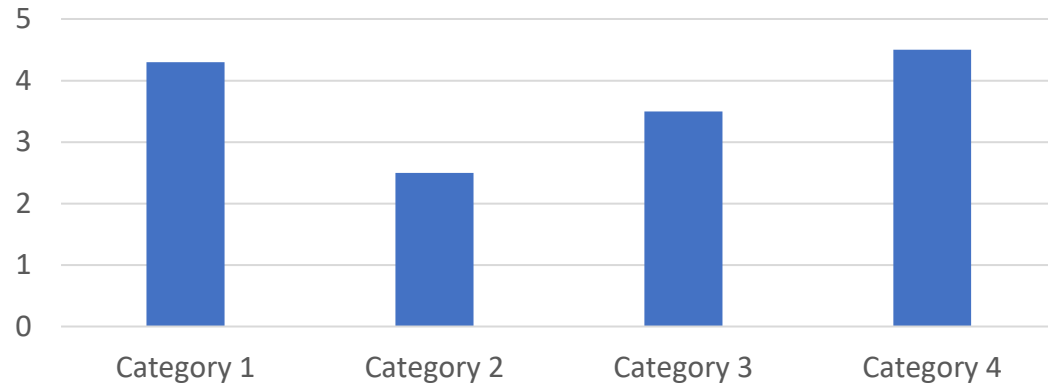
# Non-Normal Distributions



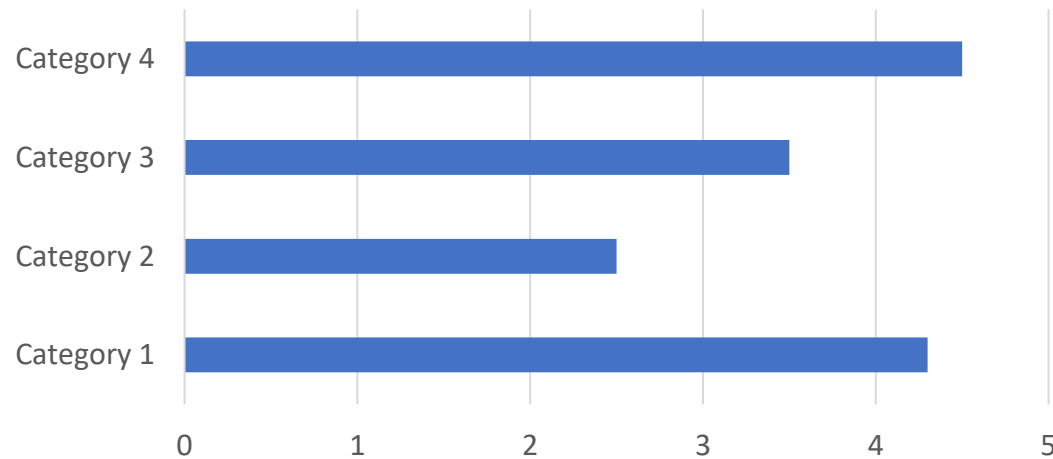
# Presenting Different Types of Data



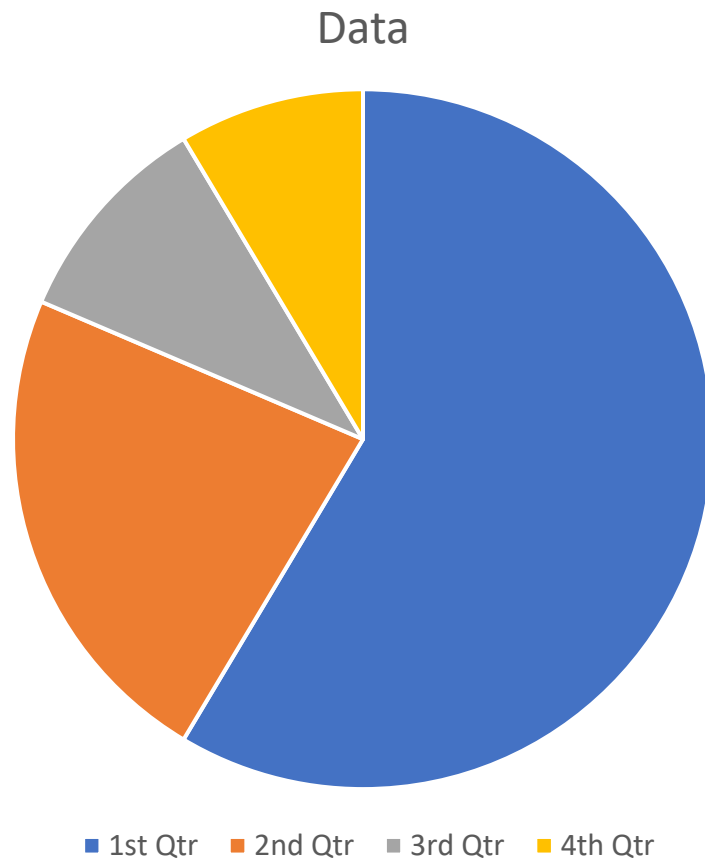
# Column Charts and Bar Graphs



- Compare between items or groups
- Compare over time

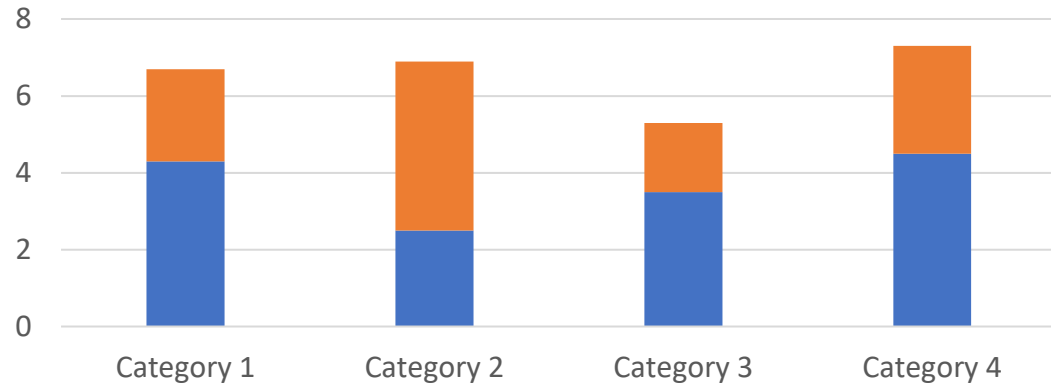


# Pie Chart

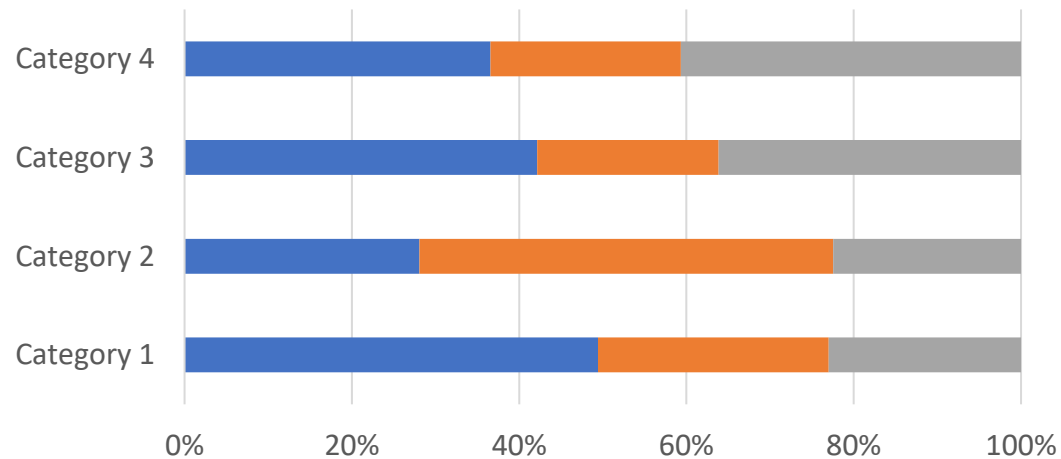


- Static number “snapshot”
- Proportions of a whole
- Percentages

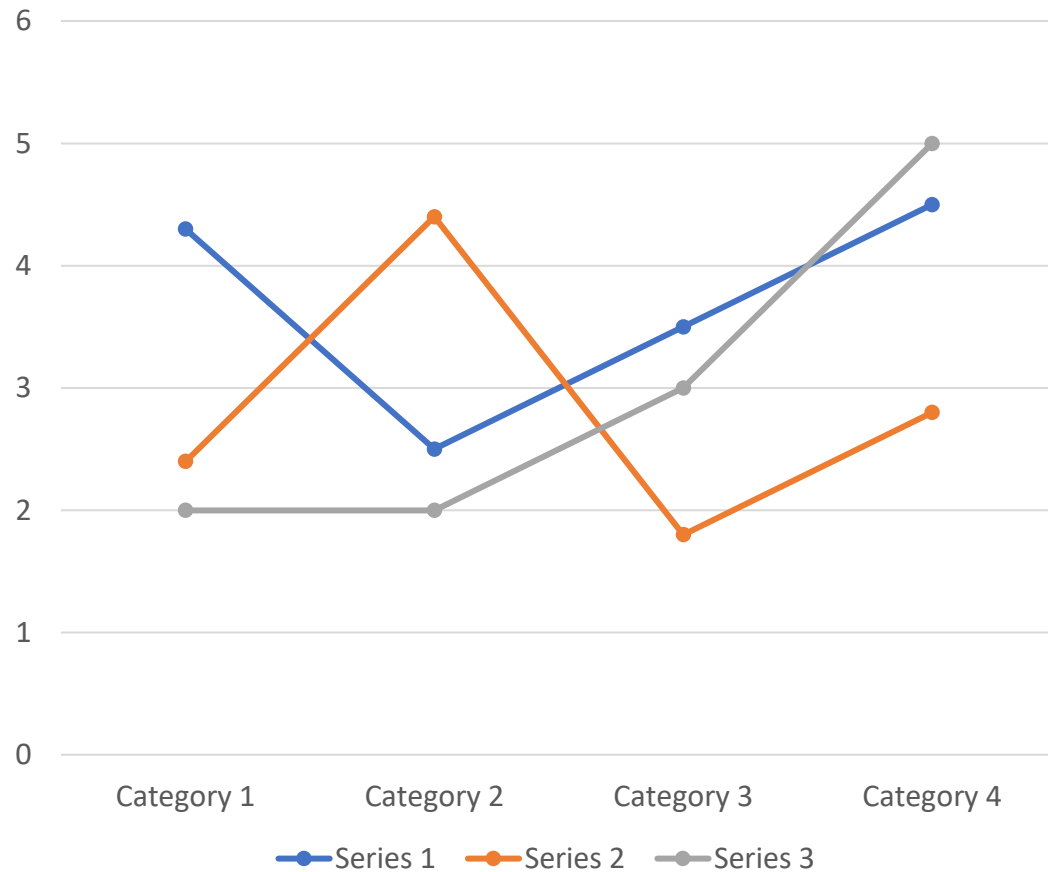
# Stacked Column Charts and Bar Graphs



- Composition
- Compare several items

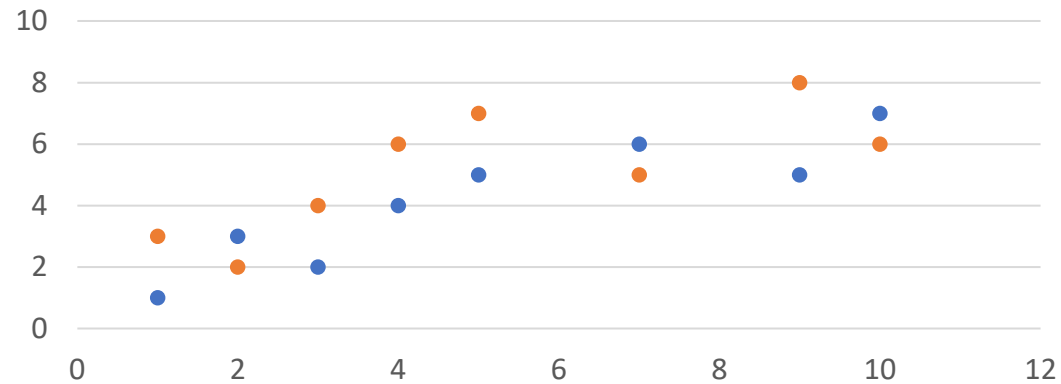


# Line Graph

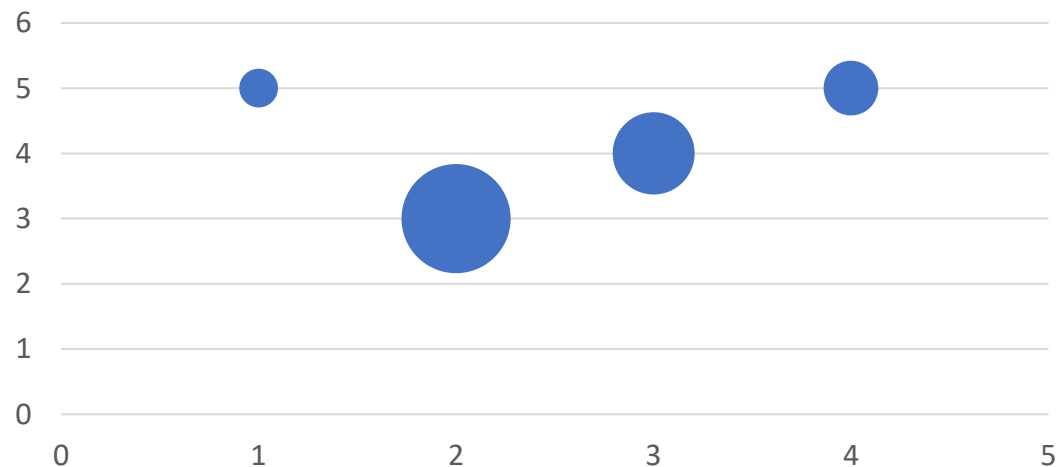


- Show change over time
- Can show several categories
- Useful for continuous data

# Scatter Plots and Bubble Charts

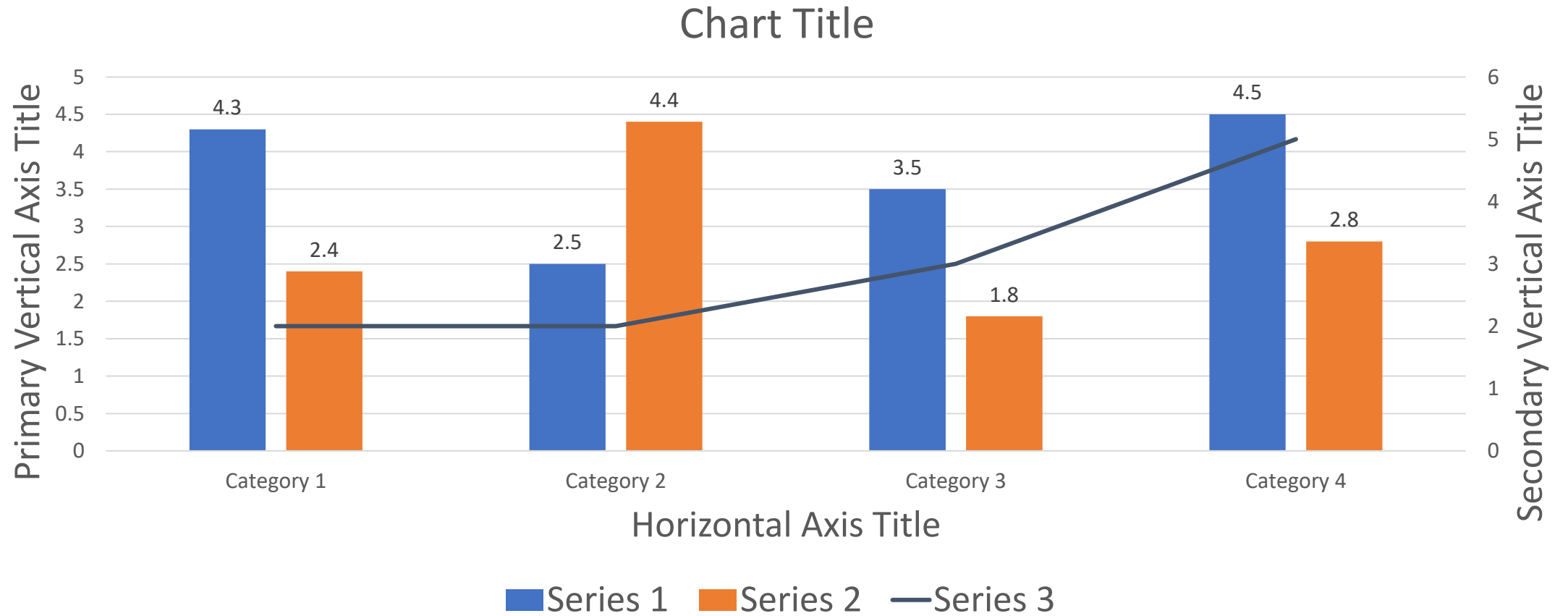


- Distribution
- Relationship between variables
- Visualize trends
- Summarize data with no clear pattern










# Data Display



# Chart Cheat Sheet

Compare Values	Show the Make-Up	Distribution	Trend	Relationship
How does my data compare? What are my high and low values?	How do individual parts combine to make up the whole?	What are the range of information, normal tendency, outliers?	How has this data changed over time?	How do the variables relate to each other?
Bar Chart Column Chart Pie Chart Scatter Plot Histogram	Pie Chart Stacked Column Stacked Bar Area Chart	Bar Chart Column Chart Line Chart Scatter Plot Histogram	Column Chart Line Chart	Scatter Plot Line Chart Bubble Chart
				

# See the Patterns

Central Line Insertion Audits						
Patient	HH	Maximum Barrier	CHG	Insertion Site Selection	Checklist Used	
A	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	
B	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	
C	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
D	N	N	Y	Y	N	
E	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
F	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
G	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	
H	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	
I	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	
J	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	

# See the Patterns

Central Line Insertion Audits						
Patient	HH	Maximum Barrier	CHG	Insertion Site Selection	Checklist Used	
A	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	
B	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	
C	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
D	N	N	Y	Y	Y	
E	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	
F	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
G	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
H	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	
I	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	
J	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	

# See the Patterns

Central Line Insertion Audits						
Patient	HH	Maximum Barrier	CHG	Insertion Site	Checklist Used	
A	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	
B	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	
C	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
D	N	N	Y	Y	Y	
E	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	
F	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
G	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
H	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	
I	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	
J	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
<b>Unit Total</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>70%</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>90%</b>	

# See the Patterns

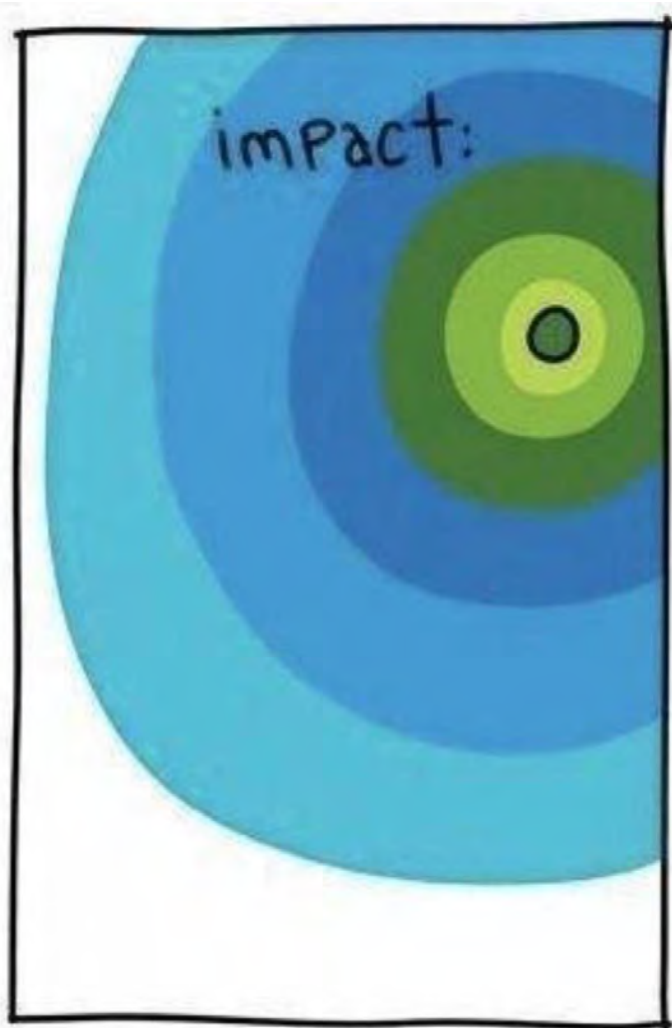
Central Line Insertion Audits						
Patient	HH	Maximum Barrier	CHG	Insertion Site	Checklist Used	Patient Received Full Bundle
A	Y	NO	Y	Y	Y	NO
B	Y	Y	Y	NO	Y	NO
C	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
D	NO	NO	Y	Y	Y	NO
E	Y	Y	Y	Y	NO	NO
F	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
G	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
H	Y	NO	Y	Y	Y	NO
I	Y	Y	NO	Y	Y	NO
J	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
<b>Total</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>70%</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>90%</b>	<b>40%</b>

# Make It Relevant

- Identify your audience
- What matters to them?
- How do you bring them data that recruits them in making changes?



# Find The Story



- Impact
  - Human
  - Financial
  - Operational
- Connect to Heart
- Make it Memorable



# What Questions Can I Answer?



# Contact Info



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